

다음주 강의

- 사전강의 2개 → 반려 작성
- 본강의 : 1개 → 유일 0, 수 X
실습.

강담과
강다해
MMSZ.

Inclass 21: Principal Component Analysis

[SCS4049] Machine Learning and Data Science

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Python

- ① 랜덤 샘플 생성.
- ② 생체신호 데이터.
- ③ 이미지 데이터.

$$X \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times D}$$

N 개의 샘플, D 차원.

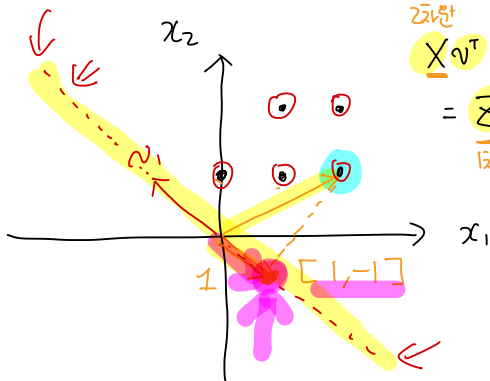
$$\begin{matrix} X & v_1 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \\ 5 \times 2 & v_1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} X v_1^T = z \\ 5 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 1 & 5 \times 1 \\ = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$C \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$$

$$C = U \Sigma V^T$$

$V \rightarrow$ 1개의 벡터 \vec{v}_1 .



2차원
 XV^T
 $= Z =$
 1차원.

2차원이 축소된 값
 (projection).

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

reconstruction.

2차원, 직접상미.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$XV^T = Z$$

span.

$$\underbrace{Z \cdot V}_{5 \times 1 \times 2} =$$

$$\underline{V = [1 \ -1]}$$

v_1, v_2 column vector or row

X

NxD DxN

v_1

X

$X \cdot v$

Column
vector Dx1

NxD.

row
vector 1xD

NxD.
DxN.

$X \cdot v^T$
 $v \cdot X$

① projection, dimensional reduction.

$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{v_1^T x,} \\ \text{1D space} \end{array} \quad / \quad \begin{array}{c} \left[\begin{array}{c} v_1^T x \\ v_2^T x \end{array} \right] \\ \underline{2D space} \end{array} \quad / \quad \begin{array}{c} \left[\begin{array}{c} v_1^T x \\ v_2^T x \\ v_3^T x \end{array} \right] \\ \underline{3D space} \end{array}$$

② reconstruction.

$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{v_1^T x \cdot \hat{v}_1} \\ \text{1D space} \end{array} \quad / \quad \begin{array}{c} \underline{v_1^T x \cdot \hat{v}_1 + v_2^T x \cdot \hat{v}_2} \\ \underline{2D space} \end{array} \quad / \quad \begin{array}{c} v_1^T x \cdot \hat{v}_1 \\ + v_2^T x \cdot \hat{v}_2 \\ + v_3^T x \cdot \hat{v}_3 \\ \underline{3D space} \end{array}$$